

## **Course Outline**

### **Day 1 & 2**

#### **Module 1: DevOps Big Picture**

- 1.1: What and why of DevOps
- 1.2: DevOps Tools – Overview and Use cases
- 1.3: Source Control Management (SCM Tools)
- 1.4: Continuous Integration
- 1.5: Static code Analysis Tool
- 1.6: Storage Artifacts
- 1.7: Continuous Deployment
- 1.8: Containerization
- 1.9: Configuration Management

#### **Module 2: DevOps in Action**

##### **2.1: SCM** Live demo

- 2.1.1: GitHub – Create an account and fork your application code
- 2.1.2: Git clone the GitHub code, uses maven to compile and package Java source code
- 2.1.3: Deploy .jar file manually

##### **2.2: Continuous Integration Tool**

- 2.2.1: Jenkins – Deploy Jenkins on Ubuntu 14.04 server
- 2.2.2: Continuous Integration setup – Jenkins and GitHub

##### **2.3: Code Packaging automation**

- 2.3.1: Automation Maven test, Compile and Package (.jar) using Jenkins

##### **2.4: Static Code Analysis**

- 2.4.1: Understand SonarQube
- 2.4.2: Deploy and configure SonarQube
- 2.4.3: Students to Integrate Jenkins (CI) server with SonarQube
- 2.4.4: SonarQube – static code analysis and set quality gates

##### **2.5: Storage Artifact**

- 2.5.1: Understand Nexus
- 2.5.2: Deploy and configure nexus
- 2.5.3: Nexus storage artifact integration
- 2.5.4: Store your end software products in Nexus

##### **2.6: Continuous Deployment**

- 2.6.1: Add slave nodes to Jenkins
- 2.6.2: Automate deployment of your .jar file to the server
- 2.6.3: Building Pipeline scripts and stages in SDLC
- 2.6.4: Add Cucumber test- automation in pipeline
- 2.6.5: Add OWASP web Application vulnerability check in the pipeline

## **Day 3**

### **Module 3: Course Overview**

3.1: Introduction to the course

### **Module 4: Understanding Docker**

4.1: Module Introduction  
4.2: What is Virtualization  
4.3: what are Containers  
4.4: Containerization and virtualization differences  
4.5: Case study: 100 developer environments  
4.6: Difference between a Windows and Linux containers  
4.7: Docker ecosystem and components

### **Module 5: Installing Docker**

5.1: Module Introduction  
5.2: Install Docker on Centos 7

### **Module 4: Containers on Centos 7 Docker host**

6.1: Module Introduction  
6.2: Deploy, Login, exit container  
6.3: List, Start, Stop, Restart containers  
6.4: where containers are stored  
6.5: working with container hostnames  
6.6: working on multiple containers  
6.7: Container stats and inspect  
6.8: Container networking  
6.9: Deleting containers

### **Module 5: Docker Images**

5.1: Module Introduction  
5.2: Introduction to Docker Images  
5.3: Docker hub - create your account  
5.4: Explore and pull images from the Docker hub  
5.5: Docker commit Build and Push Your own image  
5.6: Launch the container using your own image  
5.7: Build Your own image using DockerFile

### **Module 6: Jenkins with docker pipeline**

6.1: Create a pipeline which will Dockerise the application and deploy an application on a Docker container

## **Day 4**

### **Module 7: Ansible Big Picture**

7.1: What and why of Ansible

- 7.2: Ansible use cases and terminologies
- 7.3: Controller server
- 7.4: Nodes
- 7.5: Playbook
- 7.6: Ansible tower

### **Module 8: Ansible management server deployment**

- 8.1: Deploy a Centos7 server
- 8.2: Ssh to Centos7 server
- 8.3: Install and configure Ansible
- 8.4: Create password-less authentication keys
- 8.5: Define nodes to be managed by the Ansible control server

### **Module 9: Ansible Node server deployment**

- 9.1: Deploy a RHEL server + 1 Ubuntu 16.04 server
- 9.2: Ssh to Centos7 server
- 9.3: Create passwordless authentication keys

### **Module 10: Ansible HTTPD Playbook for RHEL node**

- 10.1: Create an HTTPd playbook directory
- 10.2: Write .yml file
- 10.3: Write HTTPd package install code for RHEL server
- 10.4: Write HTTPd service restart code
- 10.5: Write template resource type to push index.html and log.png to node
- 10.6: Write user and group creation code
- 10.7: Apply the playbook on Cento's node and validate if website is up

### **Module 11: Ansible Apache2 Playbook for ubuntu node**

- 11.1: Create an Apache2 playbook directory
- 11.2: Write .yml file
- 11.3: Write Apache2 package install code for the Ubuntu server
- 11.4: Write Apache2 service restart code
- 11.5: Write template resource type to push index.html and log.png to node
- 11.6: Write user and group creation code
- 11.7: Apply the playbook on the Ubuntu node and validate if the website is up

### **Module 12: Windows 2016 server node deployment**

- 12.1: Deploy a Windows 2016 server
- 12.2: Configure it as a Windows node under Ansible management

### **Module 13: Playbook for windows 2016 node**

- 13.1: Create an IIS playbook directory
- 13.2: Write resource code to automate IIS role on the Windows server
- 13.3: Apply the playbook on the Windows node and validate if the website is up

## **Day 5**

## **Module 14: Kubernetes**

- 14.1: Kubernetes architecture overview
- 14.2: Deploy Kubernetes master
- 14.3: Deploy Kubernetes minion node 1

## **Module 15: Jenkins with Kubernetes Integration**

- 15.1: Create a new pipeline script that deploys applications on Kubernetes
- 15.2: Configure a Docker slave node with Jenkins
- 15.3: Fork source code
- 15.4: Run a job that uses Docker, SonarQube, and nexus by Jenkins CI/CD pipeline

## **Module 16: Jenkins with Ansible integration**

- 16.1: Create Jenkins Job to compile package a Java web app file
- 16.2: Define Ansible nodes
- 16.3: Integrate Ansible in the Jenkins pipeline to deploy a web app to Ubuntu servers